Limits at Infinity Worksheet - Answer Key

Find each limit, if it exists.

1.
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{(2x)^2}{(2)^2 x}$$

 ∞

$$6. \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{5^x}{\ln(x^3 + 2x + 1)}$$

 ∞

$$2. \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x-5}{e^x}$$

0

7.
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^3 - 2x^2 + 1}{5x - 9x^4 + x^2}$$

 ∞

3.
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} 1000 \sin(1000x)$$

The limit does not exist.

8.
$$f(x) = \frac{6x+5+\frac{2}{x}}{x}$$

6

4.
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2x^2 + 1}{3x^2 + x - 1}$$

 $\frac{2}{3}$

9.
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2(\ln x)^2 + 5x - 7}{9x^2 + x - 11}$$

0

$$5. \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x}{2^x}$$

0

10.
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{e^{\frac{1}{x}}(x + \frac{2}{x} - 3)}{x - 2}$$

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{e^{\frac{1}{x}}(x-2)(1-\frac{1}{x})}{x-2} = 1$$

©2012 Shmoop University, Inc. All rights reserved. For classroom use only. Want to print this out for your classroom? Go for it. All other reproduction and distribution is prohibited.

http://www.shmoop.com/calculus/ Shmoop will make you a better lover (of literature, math, life...)